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Our Ref: MARK/WES010

Mrs C Kennet Westbourne Parish Council 53 Skylark Avenue Emsworth PO10 7GB

8 June 2021

Dear Clare

Re: Westbourne Parish Council
Internal Audit Year Ended 31 March 2021

Executive summary

Following completion of our interim internal audit on 8 January 2021 and final audit on 8 June 2021 we enclose our report for your kind attention and presentation to the council. The audit was conducted in accordance with current practices and guidelines and testing was risk based. Whilst we have not tested all transactions, our samples have where appropriate covered the entire year to date. Testing requirements are shown in red and where appropriate recommendations for future action are shown in bold text and summarised in the tables at the end of the report.

Our report is presented in the same order as the assertions on the internal auditor report within the published AGAR. The start of each section details the nature of the assertion to be verified, followed by recommended minimum testing requirements. Each section is then concluded with an opinion as to whether the assertion has been met or not.

Our sample testing did not uncover any errors or misstatements that require reporting to the external auditor, nor did we identify any significant weaknesses in the internal controls such that public money would be put at risk.

It is clear the council takes governance, policies and procedures very seriously and I am pleased to report that overall, the systems and procedures you have in place are fit for purpose and whilst my report may contain recommendations to change these are not indicative of any significant failings, but rather are pointers to improving upon an already well-ordered system.

It is therefore our opinion that the systems and internal procedures at Westbourne Parish Council are well established and followed.

Regulation

The Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 require smaller authorities, each financial year, to conduct a review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control and prepare an annual governance statement in accordance with proper practices in relation to accounts. In addition to this, a smaller authority is required by Regulation 5(1) of the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 to "undertake an effective internal audit to evaluate the effectiveness of its risk management, control and governance processes, taking into account public sector internal auditing standards or guidance."

Internal auditing is an independent, objective assurance activity designed to improve an organisation's operations. It helps an organisation accomplish its objectives by bringing a systematic, disciplined approach to evaluate and improve the effectiveness of risk management, control and governance processes. The purpose of internal audit is to review and report to the authority on whether its systems of financial and other internal controls over its activities and operating procedures are effective.

Internal audit's function is to test and report to the authority on whether its specific system of internal control is adequate and working satisfactorily. The internal audit reports should therefore be made available to all members to support and inform them when they considering the authority's approval of the annual governance statement.

Independence and competence

Your audit was conducted by Andy Beams of Mulberry & Co. We confirm we are independent from the management of the financial controls and procedures of the council and neither the internal auditor or the firm have any conflicts of interest with the audit client, nor do they provide any management or financial assistance to the client.

Your auditor has over 30 years' experience in the financial sector with the last 11 years specialising in local government.

Engagement Letter

An engagement letter was issued to the council covering the 2020/21 internal audit assignment. Copies of this document are available on request.

Planning and inherent risk assessment

The scope and plan of works including fee structure was issued to the council under separate cover. Copies of this document are available on request. In summary, our work will address each of the internal control objectives as stated on the Annual Internal Audit Report of the AGAR.

- o There have been no instances of breaches of regulations in the past
- o The client uses an industry approved financial reporting package
- o The client regularly carries out reconciliations and documents these
- There is regular reporting to council
- o The management team are experienced and informed
- o Records are neatly maintained and referenced
- The client is aware of current regulations and practices
- There has been no instance of high staff turnover

It is my opinion that the inherent risk of error or misstatement is low, and the controls of the council can be relied upon and as such substantive testing of individual transactions is not required. Testing to be carried out will be "walk through testing" on sample data to encompass the period of the council year under review.

Additional work required at final audit.

The Clerk prepared and submitted information for review at the end of April for the accounts of Westbourne Parish Council. As in previous years, these were presented in an accurate and clear way and demonstrate adherence to and an understanding of correct accounting procedures for local authorities.

A Joint Burial Committee exists with Southbourne Parish Council, and work had begun earlier in the year, requesting accurate information was forwarded in good time to Westbourne for inclusion in the year-end accounts. This has proven to be problematic, with requests for information either not responded to, or a lack of clarity provided regarding the figures. This includes at least two different year-end sets of figures for the Joint Burial Committee being forwarded to Westbourne Parish Council.

The audit meeting was rescheduled while the Clerk at Westbourne attempted to obtain the necessary detail and then calculate the appropriate share of income and expenditure to include within Westbourne's year-end figures, with additional support provided in attempting to analyse the information provided by the internal auditor. The fact that this has not successfully been completed is no reflection on the time and effort of the Clerk, who has spent considerable time in trying to resolve this matter and remains determined to do so.

A further complication has been the fact that the two councils have different internal auditors, who have provided slightly different advice as to how to progress this matter. Combined with the councils operating under different accounting regimes (receipts and payments for Westbourne, income and expenditure for Southbourne), I would recommend that in future both councils use the same internal auditor for consistency of advice and to ensure that the Joint Burial Committee figures are accurately reflected in both councils accounts.

The effect for Westbourne Parish Council is that the year-end audit has taken five hours in total, where I would have anticipated it taking between two and two and a half hours ordinarily, based on previous audits and the quality of the Clerk's preparation.

This audit report is based on Westbourne Parish Councils year-end figures (excluding the Joint Burial Committee), and I am confident that they are accurately presented by the Clerk.

Table of contents

Α	BOOKS OF ACCOUNT (INTERIM AUDIT)	4
В	FINANCIAL REGULATIONS, GOVERNANCE AND PAYMENTS (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)	4
С	RISK MANAGEMENT AND INSURANCE (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)	6
D	BUDGET, PRECEPT AND RESERVES (INTERIM AUDIT)	7
Е	INCOME (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)	7
F	PETTY CASH (INTERIM AUDIT)	8
G	PAYROLL (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)	9
Н	ASSETS AND INVESTMENTS (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)	9
	BANK AND CASH (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)	10
J	YEAR END ACCOUNTS (FINAL AUDIT)	11
K	LIMITED ASSURANCE REVIEW (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)	13
L	TRANSPARENCY (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)	13
M	EXERCISE OF PUBLIC RIGHTS – INSPECTION OF ACCOUNTS (FINAL AUDIT)	13
N	PUBLICATION REQUIREMENTS (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)	14
0	TRUSTEESHIP (INTERIM AUDIT)	15

A. BOOKS OF ACCOUNT (INTERIM AUDIT)

Internal audit requirement

Appropriate accounting records have been properly kept throughout the financial year.

Recommended minimum testing:

- Ensure the correct roll forward of the prior year cashbook balances to the new financial year
- Check a sample of financial transactions in cashbooks to bank statements, etc.: the sample size dependent on the size of the authority and nature of accounting records maintained

Interim audit

The council continues to use Excel as a day-to-day accounting package. The system is used regularly to report on and record the financial transactions of the council and is suitable for a council of this size.

The information requested for the remote audit was provided in full, and my audit testing showed that these documents were well organised, clear and easy to follow. A review of meeting agendas show sufficient financial information is provided at committee and council meetings to support council decisions. I make no recommendation to change this system.

The council is not VAT registered. VAT reclaims are completed on an annual basis, with the last reclaim completed for the period to the end of March 2020 and showing a refund position of £3,736.91. The presentation of the information for the VAT 126 return includes all relevant details. The council is up to date with its postings.

Overall, I have the impression that the accounting systems are well ordered and routinely maintained and as such I make no recommendation to change.

Section conclusion

I am of the opinion that the control assertion of "Appropriate accounting records have been properly kept throughout the financial year" has been met.

B. FINANCIAL REGULATIONS, GOVERNANCE AND PAYMENTS (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)

Internal audit requirement

This authority complied with its financial regulations, payments were supported by invoices, all expenditure was approved, and VAT was appropriately accounted for.

- Review the procedures in place for acquisition of formal tenders and quotes, ensuring they are in line with the Standing Orders and Financial Regulations which should be based on the latest version.
- Ensure that consistent values are in place for the acquisition of formal tenders between Standing Orders and Financial Regulations (frequently different limits are recorded in the two documents)
- Review the procedures for receipt of invoices, agreement of invoice detail and confirmation of goods /services delivery and approval for payment: ideally, a suitably designed certification stamp should be in place providing for evidencing of these checks and payment authorisation
- Check that there is effective segregation between the writing of cheques or the setting up of online payments, and physical release of payments
- Check that VAT reclaims are prepared and submitted in a timely manner in line with the underlying records and in accordance with current HMRC requirements
- Where debit / credit cards are in use, establish the total monthly and individual transaction limits and ensure appropriate controls over physical security and usage of the cards are in place

Check the publication and minuting of the prior year audited AGAR and notice of conclusion of audit.

The external auditor's report was not qualified for 2019/20, is published on the council website and was reported to council on 12 November 2020. The internal auditor's report was discussed and minuted by council on 11 June 2020.

Confirm by sample testing that councillors sign statutory office forms.

I confirmed by sample testing that councillors sign "Acceptance of Office" forms and the web site shows the Register of Disclosable Pecuniary Interests for each councillor alongside their contact information. It was noted that one councillor's declaration is yet to be added to the website due to technical issues.

Confirm that the council is compliant with the relevant transparency code.

As the council's income and expenditure are between £25,000 and £200,000, is not required by law to follow the either of the Local Government Transparency Codes although it is recommended to do so. A review of the council website shows that the council is following the code through the publication of information in a clear and transparent way.

Confirm that the council is compliant with GDPR.

The council is fully aware of GDPR and has undergone training. It was noted the council has established common email addresses for all councillors, and they are all now using them. This is recommended because it gives a natural segregation between work and personal lives, making it clear beyond doubt in what capacity a councillor is acting. In addition to this it gives control to the council, adds a degree of professionalism and in the event of a FOI request limits access to personal computers.

The council has a Privacy Notice on the home page of its website, and it is clear the council takes its responsibilities seriously and has made every effort to comply with the legislation.

Confirm that the council meets regularly throughout the year.

In addition to full council, the council has a committee structure in place, with future meeting dates published on the website alongside committee agendas and minutes.

Check that agendas for meetings are published giving 3 clear days' notice.

The Clerk was able to demonstrate that at least 3 clear days' notice is given on agendas. Whilst we have not tested every single committee and council meeting there was no evidence of non-compliance in giving three clear days' notice of the meeting. It is noted that the non-confidential supporting documentation referred to in the agendas is available on the website.

Check the draft minutes of the last meeting(s) are on the council's website.

Draft minutes are routinely uploaded to the council website, with a statement on the page stating that the signed versions are available on request.

Confirm that the Parish Council's Standing Orders have been reviewed within the last 12 months.

The standing orders are based on a NALC model. They were last reviewed and adopted by council on 14 May 2020. The model version has been updated since, and while not fundamentally different, I recommend the next review is carried out against the most recent version to ensure all legislative requirements are included.

The council has incorporated the legislative changes made under The Local Authorities and Police and Crime Panels (Coronavirus) (Flexibility of Local Authority and Police and Crime Panel Meetings) (England and Wales) Regulations 2020 into their practices, but has not formally adopted these, and I recommend the council does this at the earliest opportunity.

Confirm that the Parish Council has adopted and recently reviewed Financial Regulations.

Financial regulations are based on the latest NALC model. They were last reviewed and adopted by council on 14 May 2020 [minute ref 012-20/21]. The regulations contain provisions for the approval of spending, setting of budgets, reconciliation of the bank and reporting to council.

Check that the council's Financial Regulations are being routinely followed.

The council has thresholds in place at which authorisations to spend must be obtained as below:

- The council for all items over £600
- A duly delegated committee of the council for items over £600
- The Clerk, in conjunction with Chairman of Council and chairman of the appropriate committee/ or Vice-Chair of the Council up to £2,000 in an emergency
- The Clerk is authorised to purchase stationery and other office requirements up to £600 for the day to day running of the Parish Council.

Receipts and payments are regularly reported and evidence of this is recorded in the minutes of the meetings. I have no doubt that councillors are provided with sufficient financial information for them to make informed decisions.

Confirm all section 137 expenditure meets the guidelines and does not exceed the annual per elector limit of £8.32 per elector. The council has the General Power of Competence (GPC) and the thresholds do not apply.

Confirm that checks of the accounts are made by a councillor.

The system noted above details internal review takes place and I am under no doubt that council properly approves expenditure.

Final Audit

It was noted that all Register of Disclosable Pecuniary Interests for councillors are on the website, and that the Coronavirus legislation was formally adopted by the council in April 2020, although this information was not confirmed until after the interim audit – the comments regarding these being missing at the interim audit can therefore be disregarded.

I am of the opinion the council is following its own regulations and that any changes are to be considered minor and not indicative of errors in the system.

Section conclusion

I am of the opinion that the control assertion "This authority complied with its financial regulations, payments were supported by invoices, all expenditure was approved, and VAT was appropriately accounted for" has been met.

C. RISK MANAGEMENT AND INSURANCE (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)

Internal audit requirement

This authority assessed the significant risks to achieving its objectives and reviewed the adequacy of arrangements to manage these.

Recommended minimum testing:

- Ensure that authorities have prepared, and formally adopted, at least once annually, an appropriate and comprehensive register of assessed risks, both regular and ad hoc
- Ensure that appropriate levels of insurance cover are in place for land, buildings, public, employers' and hirers' (where applicable) liability, fidelity / employees (including councillors) liability, business interruption and cyber security
- Ensure that appropriate arrangements are in place for monitoring play areas, open spaces and sports pitches: such reviews should be undertaken by appropriately qualified external inspectors or, if by officers or members, that they have received the appropriate training and accreditation

Interim audit

The council has in place risk assessments, including Covid specific ones. The financial risk assessment is reviewed annually by council, and details the likelihood and severity of risks, control measures in place and any actions needed. This was last reviewed by council in February 2020.

I confirmed that the council has a valid insurance policy in place with Zurich in a long-term agreement expiring on 1 April 2023. The policy includes Public Liability cover of £15 million, Employers Liability cover of £10 million and a Fidelity Guarantee level of £250,000.

Final audit

It was noted that the financial risk assessment was last reviewed by the council in November 2020.

We discussed assertion 8 of the AGAR and whether or not this had any impact on the council.

"We considered whether any litigation, liabilities or commitments, events or transactions, occurring either during or after the year-end, have a financial impact on this authority and, where appropriate, have included them in the accounting statements."

The Clerk confirmed that she was not aware of any such liability at the year end.

Section conclusion

I am of the opinion that the control objective of "This authority assessed the significant risks to achieving its objectives and reviewed the adequacy of arrangements to manage these" has been met.

D. BUDGET, PRECEPT AND RESERVES (INTERIM AUDIT)

Internal audit requirement

The precept or rates requirement resulted from an adequate budgetary process; progress against the budget was regularly monitored; and reserves were appropriate.

Recommended minimum testing:

- Ensure that the full authority, not a committee, has considered, approved and adopted the annual precept in accordance with the required parent authority timetable
- Ensure that budget reports are prepared and submitted to authority / committees periodically during the year with appropriate commentary on any significant variances
- Review the budget performance either during the year or at the financial year-end seeking explanations for any significant or unanticipated variances
- Ensure that the authority has considered the establishment of specific earmarked reserves and, ideally, reviews them annually as part of the budget assessment process
- Ensure that the precept in the accounts matches the submission form to the relevant authority and the public record of precepted amounts

Interim audit

I confirmed that the 2020-21 budget and precept setting process is underway, with the final proposal due to be confirmed by council at its meeting in January. The council has a business plan in place, which includes some financial estimates and has started the process of reviewing this.

I have confirmed that in accordance with Financial Regulations, regular reporting of budget against expenditure is carried out and reviewed.

At the interim audit date, the council held a total of £116,000 in a number of clearly defined earmarked reserves, and a further £48,000 in general reserves at the start of the year. General guidance recommends the council's general reserve should be circa 50% of precept, or 3-6 months net revenue expenditure (NRE), as adjusted for local conditions.

At the end of December, the council showed income at 112% of budget and expenditure at 87%. The Clerk has developed a clear suite of management information to present to meetings to ensure they are kept up to date with the council's financial position.

Section conclusion

I am of the opinion that the control objective of "The precept or rates requirement resulted from an adequate budgetary process; progress against the budget was regularly monitored; and reserves were appropriate" has been met.

E. INCOME (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)

Internal audit requirement

Expected income was fully received, based on correct prices, properly recorded and promptly banked; and VAT was appropriately accounted for.

Recommended minimum testing:

- Review "aged debtor" listings to ensure appropriate follow up action is in place
- Allotments: ensure that appropriate signed tenancy agreements exist, that an appropriate register of tenants is maintained identifying, that debtors are monitored.
- Burials: ensure that a formal burial register is maintained that it is up-to-date and that a sample of interments and memorials are appropriately evidenced, that fees have been charged at the correct approved rate and been recovered within a reasonable time: (Authorities should also acquire and retain copies of Burial / Cremation certificates)
- Hall hire: ensure that an effective diary system for bookings is in place identifying the hirer, hire times and ideally cross-referenced to invoices raised
- Leases: ensure that leases are reviewed in a timely manner in accordance with the terms of the lease and rents similarly reviewed appropriately at the due time
- Other variable income streams: ensure that appropriate control procedures and documentation are in existence to provide a clear audit trail through to invoicing and recovery of all such income
- Where amounts are receivable on set dates during the year, ensure that an appropriate control record is maintained duly identifying the date(s) on which income is due and actually received / banked

Interim audit

The Covid-19 pandemic has not had a substantial impact on the council's income, although there has been some additional Covid related expenditure to improve IT accessibility and support local organisations. Projected budgets for income have already been exceeded for the year, with the precept continuing to be the council's primary source of income.

Final audit

I independently verified the precept amount received during the year and confirmed this to the total entered into box 2 on the AGAR.

The council's other income has been recorded clearly in the accounts and I was able to confirm the total entered into box 3 of the AGAR matches the information provided.

Section conclusion

I am of the opinion that the control objective of "Expected income was fully received, based on correct prices, properly recorded and promptly banked; and VAT was appropriately accounted for" has been met.

F. PETTY CASH (INTERIM AUDIT)

Internal audit requirement

Petty cash payments were properly supported by receipts, all petty cash expenditure was approved and VAT appropriately accounted for.

- A number of authorities are now running down and closing their petty cash accounts and using debit / credit cards for ad hoc purchases. Consequently, a "not applicable" response is frequently required in this area.
- Review the systems in place for controlling any petty cash and cash floats (used for bar, catering, etc.)
- Check a sample of transactions during the financial year to ensure appropriate supporting documentation is held
- Review the existence of evidenced periodic independent verification of the petty cash and any other cash floats held
- Ensure that VAT is identified wherever incurred and appropriate
- Physically check the petty cash and other cash floats held
- Where bar or catering facilities are in place, ensure that appropriate cashing-up procedures are in place reconciling the

physical cash takings to the till "Z" total readings

Interim audit

The council no petty cash.

Section conclusion

I am of the opinion the control objective of "Petty cash payments were properly supported by receipts, all petty cash expenditure was approved, and VAT appropriately accounted for" has been met.

G. PAYROLL (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)

Internal audit requirement

Salaries to employees and allowances to members were paid in accordance with this authority's approvals, and PAYE and NI requirements were properly applied.

Recommended minimum testing:

- Ensure that, for all staff, a formal employment contract is in place together with a confirmatory letter setting out any changes to the contract
- Ensure that appropriate procedures are in place for the payment of members allowances and deduction of any tax liability
- Ensure that, for a sample of staff salaries, gross pay due is calculated in accordance with the approved spinal point on the NJC scale or hourly rate, if off-scale, and with the contracted hours
- Ensure that appropriate tax codes are being applied to each employee
- Where free or paid for software is used, ensure that it is up to date.
- For the test sample of employees, ensure that tax is calculated appropriately
- Check the correct treatment of pension contributions to either the Local Government pension scheme (non taxable, deducted from the gross salary or DC schemes like NEST which already allow for tax deductions)
- For NI, ensure that the correct deduction and employer's contributions are applied: NB. The employers' allowance is not available to councils but may be used by other authorities
- Ensure that the correct employers' pension percentage contribution is being applied
- Ensure that for the test sample, the correct net pay is paid to the employee with tax, NI and pension contributions correctly paid to the respective agencies

Interim audit

The council processes payroll internally using HMRC online tools. Payments are made by the council and approved in the same way as other expenditure. The Clerk has a signed contract of employment and is on the NJC scale, with the NJC pay agreement taking effect from 1 April 2020 having been noted by council.

Final audit

A review of the detailed expenditure included within box 4 of the AGAR shows the correct calculation for allowable income for salaries, associated HMRC payments and pension contributions only.

Section conclusion

I am of the opinion that salaries are correctly stated on the AGAR and that the control object of "Salaries to employees and allowances to members were paid in accordance with this authority's approvals, and PAYE and NI requirements were properly applied" has been met.

H. ASSETS AND INVESTMENTS (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)

Internal audit requirement

Asset and investments registers were complete and accurate and properly maintained.

Recommended minimum testing:

Tangible fixed assets

- Ensure that the authority is maintaining a formal asset register and updating it routinely to record new assets at historic cost price, net of VAT and removing any disposed of / no longer serviceable assets
- Physically verifying the existence and condition of high value, high risk assets may be appropriate
- Ideally, the register should identify for each asset the purchase cost and, if practicable, the replacement / insured cost, the latter being updated annually and used to assist in forward planning for asset replacement
- Additions and disposals records should allow tracking from the prior year to the current
- Ensure that the asset value to be reported in the AGAR at Section 2, Box 9 equates to the prior year reported value, adjusted for the nominal value of any new acquisitions and /or disposals
- Compare the asset register with the insurance schedule to ensure that all assets as recorded are appropriately insured or "self-insured" by the authority

Fixed asset investments

• Ensure that all long-term investments (i.e., those for more than 12-month terms) are covered by the "Investment Strategy" and reported as Assets in the AGAR at Section 2, Box 9.

Borrowing and lending

- Ensure that the authority has sought and obtained appropriate DMO approval for all loans acquired
- Ensured that the authority has accounted for the loan appropriately (i.e., recorded the full value of the loan. Any arrangement fee should be regarded as an admin expense) in the year of receipt
- Ensure that the combined principal loan repayment and interest for the year is correctly recorded in the AGAR at Section 2

 Box 5
- Ensure that the outstanding loan liability as of 31st March each year is correctly recorded in the AGAR at Section 2, Box 10 (value should be verified via the DMO website)
- Where the authority has issued loans to local bodies, they should ideally seek signed indemnities from the recipient body, or their members, agreeing to underwrite the loan debt

Interim audit

The council has a fixed asset register in place, which includes details of the type and location of assets, original cost, date of acquisition and estimated useful life. The assets listed appear consistent with the detail on the insurance schedule.

Final Audit

The asset register was updated for the year-end, and I was able to trace additions and disposals throughout the year. The assert register total matches the figure entered into box 9 on the AGAR and is sufficiently detailed for a council of this size.

I confirmed the council has no PWLB borrowing.

Section conclusion

I am of the opinion that the control objective of "Asset and investments registers were complete and accurate and properly maintained" has been met.

I. BANK AND CASH (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)

Internal audit requirement

Periodic and year-end bank account reconciliations were properly carried out.

- Ensure that bank reconciliations are prepared routinely, are subject to independent scrutiny and sign-off by members
- Verify the accuracy of the year-end bank reconciliation detail and ensure accurate disclosure of the combined cash and bank balances in the AGAR, Section 2, Box 8
- Where the authority has bank balances in excess of £100,000 it has an appropriate investment strategy

Interim audit

At the interim audit date, the sample reconciliations were reviewed for each bank account and there were no errors identified.

Final audit

At the year end, the council had a reconciled position on its accounts, and I was able to confirm the balances against year-end bank statements. The council has made new banking arrangements to maximise the protection available to it from the Financial Services Compensation Scheme (FSCS).

Section conclusion

I am of the opinion that bank and cash balances are properly shown on the AGAR and that the control objective of "Periodic and year-end bank account reconciliations were properly carried out" has been met.

J. YEAR END ACCOUNTS (FINAL AUDIT)

Internal audit requirement

Accounting statements prepared during the year were prepared on the correct accounting basis (receipts and payments or income and expenditure), agreed to the cash book, supported by an adequate audit trail from underlying records and where appropriate debtors and creditors were properly recorded.

Recommended minimum testing:

- Ensure that, where annual turnover exceeds £200,000, appropriate records are maintained throughout the year on an Income and Expenditure basis to facilitate budget reporting in that vein
- Ensure that appropriate accounting arrangements are in place to account for debtors and creditors during the year and at the financial year-end

The council, at its meeting to sign off the year-end accounts, must discuss the Annual Governance Statement and record this activity in the minutes of the meeting. Based on the internal audit finding, I recommend using the table below as the basis for that discussion. **THIS MUST BE A SEPARATE AGENDA ITEM TO THE SIGNING OF THE ANNUAL ACCOUNTS.**

<u>Section 1 – Annual Governance Statement</u>

	Annual Governance Statement	'Yes', means that this authority	Suggested response based on evidence
1	We have put in place arrangements for effective financial management during the year, and for the preparation of the accounting statements.	prepared its accounting statements in accordance with the Accounts and Audit Regulations.	YES –accounts follow latest Accounts and Audit Regulations and practitioners guide recommendations.
2	We maintained an adequate system of internal control including measures designed to prevent and detect fraud and corruption and reviewed its effectiveness.	made proper arrangements and accepted responsibility for safeguarding the public money and resources in its charge.	YES – there is regular reporting of financial transactions and accounting summaries, offering the opportunity for scrutiny.
3	We took all reasonable steps to assure ourselves that there are no matters of actual or potential non-compliance with laws,	has only done what it has the legal power to do and has complied with Proper	YES – the Clerk is experienced and advises the council in

	regulations and Proper Practices that could have a significant financial effect on the ability of this authority to conduct its business or manage its finances.	Practices in doing so.	respect of its legal powers.
4	We provided proper opportunity during the year for the exercise of electors' rights in accordance with the requirements of the Accounts and Audit Regulations.	during the year gave all persons interested the opportunity to inspect and ask questions about this authority's accounts.	YES – the requirements and timescales for 2019/20 yearend were followed.
5	We carried out an assessment of the risks facing this authority and took appropriate steps to manage those risks, including the introduction of internal controls and/or external insurance cover where required.	considered and documented the financial and other risks it faces and dealt with them properly.	YES – the council has a risk management scheme and appropriate external insurance.
6	We maintained throughout the year an adequate and effective system of internal audit of the accounting records and control systems.	arranged for a competent person, independent of the financial controls and procedures, to give an objective view on whether internal controls meet the needs of this smaller authority.	YES – the council has appointed an independent and competent internal auditor has completed two audits during the year.
7	We took appropriate action on all matters raised in reports from internal and external audit.	responded to matters brought to its attention by internal and external audit.	YES – where matters are raised, action taken by council is recorded
8	We considered whether any litigation, liabilities or commitments, events or transactions, occurring either during or after the year-end, have a financial impact on this authority and. Where appropriate, have included them in the accounting statements.	disclosed everything it should have about its business activity during the year including events taking place after the year end if relevant.	YES – no matters were raised during the internal audit visits.
9	Trust funds including charitable – In our capacity as the sole managing trustee we discharged our accountability responsibilities for the fund(s)/asset(s), including financial reporting and, if required, independent examination or audit.	has met all of its responsibilities where, as a body corporate, it is a sole managing trustee of a local trust or trusts.	YES – the council has met its responsibilities.

<u>Section 2 – Accounting Statements</u>

AGAR box number		2019/20	2020/21	Auditor notes
1	Balances brought forward	107,790	133,972	Agrees to 2019/20 carry forward (box 7)
2	Precept or rates and levies	93,166	101,000	Figure confirmed to central records
3	Total other receipts	12,732	17,815	Agrees to underlying records
4	Staff costs	15,540	16,208	Agrees to underlying records
5	Loan interest/capital	0	0	Council has no borrowing
	repayments			
6	All other payments	64,176	87,893	Agrees to underlying records
7	Balances carried forward	133,972	148,686	Casts correctly and agrees to balance sheet
8	Total value of cash and short-	133,972	148,686	Agrees to bank reconciliation
	term investments			
9	Total fixed assets plus long	310,108	316,837	Matches asset register
	term investments and assets			
10	Total borrowings	0	0	Council has no borrowing

11	For Local Councils only -	YES	NO	Council has met its responsibilities
	Disclosure note re Trust funds	٧		
	(including charitable)			

Final audit

The year-end accounts have been correctly prepared on a receipts and payments basis, with no requirement for the box 7 and 8 reconciliation. The AGAR comparatives have been correctly copied over from the 2019/20 AGAR.

The variance analysis is required because there is a variance greater than 15% for boxes 3 and 6, and this has been filled out with sufficient numerical detail to explain the variances from the previous year.

Section conclusion

I am of the opinion that the control objective of "Accounting statements prepared during the year were prepared on the correct accounting basis (receipts and payments or income and expenditure), agreed to the cash book, supported by an adequate audit trail from underlying records and where appropriate debtors and creditors were properly recorded" has been met.

K. LIMITED ASSURANCE REVIEW (FINAL AUDIT)

Internal audit requirement

IF the authority certified itself as exempt from a limited assurance review in 2019/20, it met the exemption criteria and correctly declared itself exempt. (If the authority had a limited assurance review of its 2019/20 AGAR tick "not covered")

Recommended minimum testing:

- The correct exemption certificate was prepared and minuted in accordance with the statutory submission deadline
- That it has been published, together with all required information on the Authority's website and noticeboard

Final audit

The council did not declare itself exempt from a limited assurance review in 2019/20.

Section conclusion

I am of the opinion that the control assertion of "If the authority certified itself as exempt from a limited assurance review in 2019/20, it met the exemption criteria and correctly declared itself exempt" has been met. (If the authority had a limited assurance review of its 2019/20 AGAR tick "not covered")

L: TRANSPARENCY (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)

Internal audit requirement

If the authority has an annual turnover not exceeding £25,000, it publishes information on a website / webpage up to date at the time of the internal audit in accordance with the Transparency Code for Smaller Authorities

Recommended minimum testing:

- This test applies only to those councils covered by the £25,000 External Audit exemption
- Internal auditors should review the authority's website ensuring that all required documentation is published in accordance with the Transparency Code for Smaller Authorities

Interim audit

The council has an annual turnover exceeding £25,000, and this test does not apply.

Final audit

The council has an annual turnover exceeding £25,000, and this test does not apply.

Section conclusion

I am of the opinion that the control assertion of "If the authority has an annual turnover not exceeding £25,000, it publishes information on a website/ webpage up to date at the time of the internal audit in accordance with the Transparency code for smaller authorities." has been met.

M: EXERCISE OF PUBLIC RIGHTS - INSPECTION OF ACCOUNTS (FINAL AUDIT)

Internal audit requirement

The authority has demonstrated that during summer 2020 it correctly provided for the exercise of public rights as required by the Accounts and Audit Regulations.

Recommended minimum testing:

- Internal auditors should acquire / examine a copy of the required "Public Notice" ensuring that it clearly identifies the statutory 30 working day period when the authority's records are available for public inspection.
- Internal auditors may also check whether councils have minuted the relevant dates at the same time as approving the AGAR

Final audit

Due to the Covid 19 outbreak, the statutory deadlines for publication during 2019/20 were changed as follows:

The Accounts and Audit (Coronavirus) (Amendment) Regulations 2020 (SI 2020/404) amended the deadline by which the Annual Governance Statement and Statement of Accounts of the Annual Governance and Accountability Return (AGAR) together with any certificate or opinion issued by the local auditor must be published from 30 September 2020 to 30 November 2020.

This means that draft accounts must be approved by 31 August 2020 at the latest. However, they may be approved earlier, and we encouraged councils to do so wherever possible, to help manage overall pressure on audit firms towards the end of the year.

Previously there was a requirement for all smaller authorities to have a common period for the exercise of public rights, being the first 10 working days of July. Under the new regulations there is no requirement for a common period for the exercise of public rights. Smaller authorities are still required to set a period for this purpose, but the only requirement is that the 30-working day period for the exercise of public rights should start on or before the first working day of September i.e., on or before 1 September 2020.

Authorities must publish the dates of their public inspection period and given the removal of the common inspection period and extension of the overall deadlines for this year, it is recommended that all authorities provide public notice on their websites when the public inspection period would usually commence, explaining why they are departing from normal practice for 2019/20 accounts.

The regulations implementing these measures were laid on 7 April and came into force on 30 April 2020.

I confirmed that arrangements are in place at this council to ensure proper exercise of public rights. Relevant dates are set out in the table below.

Inspection - Key date	2019/20 Actual	2020/21 Proposed
Date Inspection Notice Issued	16 June 2020	10 June 2021
Inspection period begins	18 June 2020	14 June 2021
Inspection period ends	31 July 2020	23 July 2021
Correct length	Yes	Yes
Common period included?	n/a	Yes

I am satisfied the requirements of this control objective were met for 2019-20, and assertion 4 on the annual governance statement can therefore be signed off by the council.

Section conclusion

I am of the opinion the control objective of "The authority, during the previous year (2019-20) correctly provided for the period for the exercise of public rights as required by the Accounts and Audit Regulations (evidenced by the notice published on the website and/or authority approved minutes confirming the dates set)" has been met.

N: PUBLICATION REQUIREMENTS (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)

Internal audit requirement

The authority has complied with the publication requirements for 2019/20. Under the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015, authorities must publish the following information on the authority website / webpage.

Recommended minimum testing:

- Internal auditors should acquire / examine a copy of the required "Public Notice" ensuring that it clearly identifies the statutory 30 working day period when the authority's records are available for public inspection.
- Internal auditors may also check whether councils have minuted the relevant dates at the same time as approving the AGAR

Before 1 July 2021 authorities must publish:

- Notice of the period for the exercise of public rights and a declaration that the accounting statements are as yet unaudited
- Section 1 Annual Governance Statement 2020/21, approved and signed, page 4
- Section 2 Accounting Statements 2020/21, approved and signed, page 5

Not later than 30 September 2021 authorities must publish:

- •Notice of conclusion of audit
- •Section 3 External Auditor Report and Certificate
- •Sections 1 and 2 of AGAR including any amendments as a result of the limited assurance review.

It is recommended as best practice, to avoid any potential confusion by local electors and interested parties, that you also publish the Annual Internal Audit Report, page 3.

Interim audit

This testing requirement was not in place at the time of the interim audit.

Final audit

The Clerk was able to demonstrate that the council has met the publication requirements.

Section conclusion

I am of the opinion that the control assertion of "the authority has complied with the publication requirements for 2019/20 AGAR. Under the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015, authorities must publish the following information on the authority website / webpage" has been met.

O. TRUSTEESHIP (INTERIM AUDIT)

Internal audit requirement

Trust funds (including charitable) – The council met its responsibilities as a trustee.

- Confirm that all charities of which the council is a Trustee are up to date with Charity Commission filing requirements
- that the council is the sole trustee on the Charity Commission register
- that the council is acting in accordance with the Trust deed
- that the charity meetings and accounts are recorded separately from those of the council
- review the level and activity of the charity and where a risk-based approach suggests such, review the Independent Examiner's report

Interim audit

The council is the trustee of Westbourne Parish Allotment for Exercise and Recreation (charity number 265105). A review of the charity commission website shows that there are no financial transactions, and that charity reporting is up to date.

Section conclusion

I am of the opinion that the control assertion of "Trust funds (including charitable) – The council met its responsibilities as a trustee" has been met.

Should you have any queries please do not hesitate to contact me.

Yours sincerely

Andy Beams

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For Mulberry & Co